



IPv6 Address Planning Basics

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Objectives

- Compare different sizes of IPv6 blocks
- Describe the details of the hierarchy of IPv6 block size
- Identify the 3 separate blocks of IPv6 needed for an organization



Objectives Cont'd

- Build an IPv6 address plan for your organization
- Identify elements of ARIN and NRPM policy that may have an effect on your IPv6 allocation.
- Recognize common mistakes made in IPv6 plans and requests.

**Compare with
what you know**



Changing your mindset

IPv4:

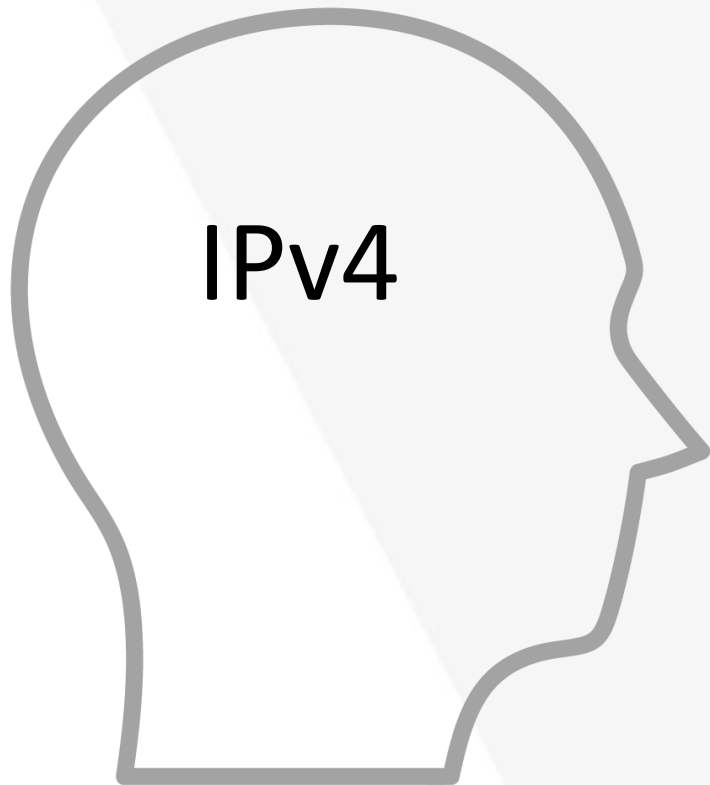
Thinking
about IP
addresses

IPv6:

Thinking
about
subnets



Thinking in addresses

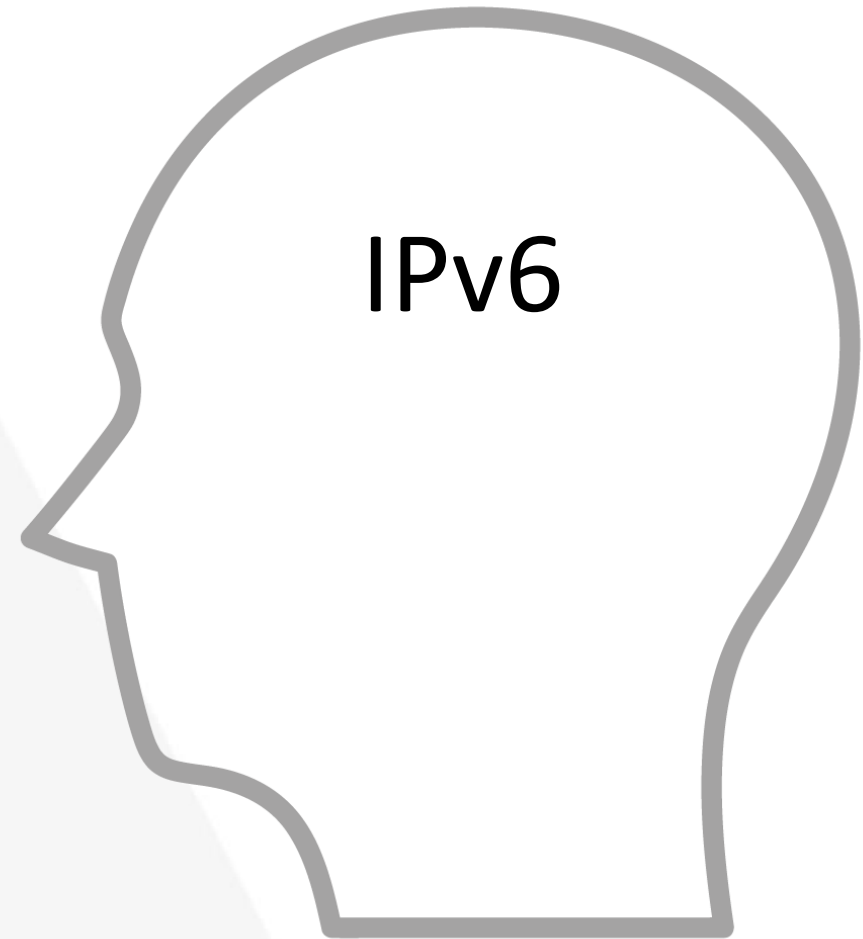


- ISP with a /16 (256 /24s)
- Customer with a /24
- That /24 has 256 unique IPv4 addresses to assign to devices/users



Thinking in Subnets

- Last 64-bits used for device auto-configuration
- Each user has 65,536 /64 subnets, each of which can hold a near-infinite number of devices/users



The Building Blocks of IPv6



Examples of most common blocks of IPv6





Typical Sizes

/32

/48

/64



Sizes

/32

- The block assigned to most end users or customer sites
- 65,536 /64 subnets

/48

/64



Sizes

/32

/48

/64

- Giving so much to each customer?
- Thinking in subnets
 - Each /64 subnet can hold 2^{64} addresses



Sizes

/32

- Minimum to an ISP
- 65,536 /48s

/48

/64

ANY QUESTIONS



Q&A

Building an Address Plan

A photograph of a modern, multi-story building with a prominent cantilevered section. The building features large glass windows and a dark, solid-colored facade. The sky is a clear, light blue. The text "Building an address plan?" is overlaid in large, bold, white letters at the bottom of the image.

Building an address plan?

**With so
many
addresses,
now we
can plan**





Address planning

Make the address work for you

2001:0DB8:**0234:AB00**:0123:4567:8901:ABCD

0 = Northeast hub
1 = Southeast Hub
2 = Central Hub
3... Future hubs

Site within that
hub or region

Designate the
subnets within a
site

Where do we start?



Think Like an ISP

- If you provide access to others, think like an ISP.
 - Government
 - Universities
 - etc.

Poll: End User or ISP



End User

ISP



End User

- Start with the number of sites in your network (offices, datacenters, etc) to determine overall block size

Number of Sites	Block Size
1	/48
2-12	/44
13-192	/40
193-3,072	/36
3,073-49,152	/32



End User

- If you have regional aggregation points, determine # of sites in largest region
- Each regional aggregation point gets that block size
- From there, sites within each region get a /48 each
- If you don't have regional aggregation points, just assign a /48 per site within your network



End User

- Generally “set it and forget it”
 - Each site’s /48 has 65,536 /64 subnets
 - Each /64 subnet can hold 2^{64} addresses
 - Minimum of 25% extra /48s for future site growth



End User Example

Joe's Trucking Company

- 5 regional networks
- Gets a /44.
 - Equals 16 /48s
- Each site gets a /48
 - 11 left

Number of Sites	Block Size
1	/48
2-12	/44
13-192	/40
193-3,072	/36
3,073-49,152	/32



Joe's Trucking Company

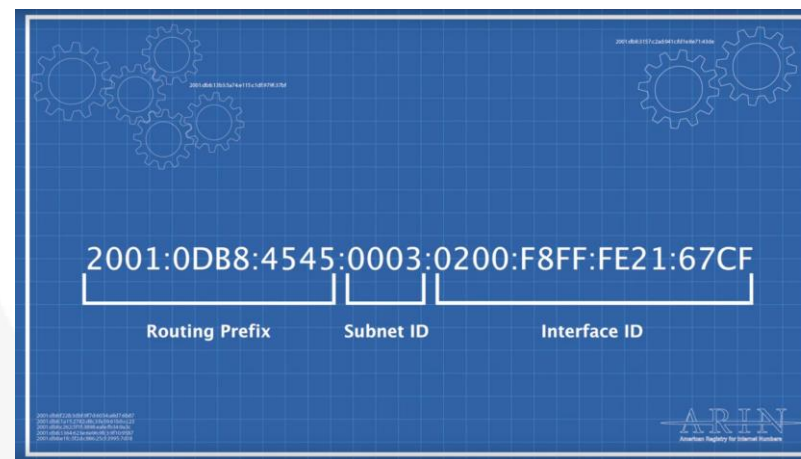
- When at 12 regional networks will qualify for more.
 - Don't wait until at Capacity



End User Example

From the video before the webinar:

- Knowing which regional network just by looking at the address.



End User

ISP



ISP and ARIN Policy

- Number Resource Policy Manual (NRPM) dictates how we operate.
 - Designed by our community
- ISP allocation qualification
 - What are my 3 numbers?



ISP – What are my 3 numbers?

- a) Decide what block size you will assign to customers (/48 is typical)
- b) Determine # of “serving sites”
- c) Determine # of customers served by the largest site



Block Size for Largest Site

Number of Customers	Site's Block Size
1	/48
2-12	/44
13-192	/40
193-3,072	/36
3,073-49,152	/32
49,153-786,432	/28
786,433-12,582,912	/24



ISP Example

GHC Wireless

- a) Decides to give /48 to each customer
- b) Currently has 15 wireless towers
- c) Largest wireless tower serves 507 customers



ISP Example

- Number of customers at largest serving site: 507

Number of Customers	Site's Block Size
1	/48
2-12	/44
13-192	/40
193-3,072	/36
3,073-49,152	/32
49,153-786,432	/28
786,433-12,582,912	/24



ISP Example

- 15 towers/serving sites
- Overall block size = /28
- Plenty of room for growth!

/36 to each site	
Total # of sites	Overall Block Size to Request
1-12	/32
13-192	/28
193-3,072	/24
3,073-49,152	/20
49,153-786,432	/16

QUIZ! End User

Now you try!





End user “Quiz” Answer

Awesome Co needs IPv6 for internal routing only.

They have 13 offices.

As an end user, what size block should they need?

Number of Sites	Block Size
1	/48
2-12	/44
13-192	/40
193-3,072	/36
3,073-49,152	/32

QUIZ! ISP

Now you try!





ISP “Quiz” Answer

- Gander Wireless:
 - /48 to each customer
 - 16 sites
 - 123 at largest site

Number of Customers	Site's Block Size
1	/48
2-12	/44
13-192	/40

/40 to each site	
Total # Sites	Your Overall Block Size
1 to 192 sites	/32
193 to 3,072 sites	/28
3,073 to 49,152 sites	/24

ANY QUESTIONS

?

Q&A